Helicobacter pylori

Helicobacter pylori infection happens when H. pylori infects the inner lining of your stomach.

How can you get it?

People can get an *H. pylori* infection from drinking unsafe water or consuming food contaminated with the *H. pylori* bacterium.



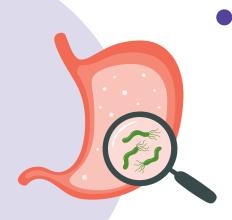
Symptoms

Most people do not show symptoms.

Others can develop long-lasting inflammation in the stomach lining. This can lead to sores (ulcers) in your stomach lining or in the first part of your small intestine.

Symptoms include: upset stomach, nausea, vomiting, loss of appetite, weight loss, burping or hiccups, burning sensation in the stomach, and/or blood in the vomit or stool.

Did you know?

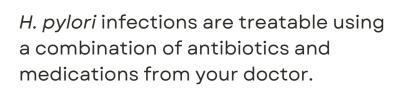


- Just over half of the world's population is infected with H. pylori?
- In Canada, 20-30% of people have an *H. pylori* infection.
- *H. pylori* infections are one of the main causes of stomach cancer and duodenal peptic ulcer disease.

Testing & Treatment

Ask your doctor about *H. pylori* testing if you have symptoms.
Your doctor may test your breath,

Your doctor may test your breath, blood, or stool for signs of an infection.







Prevention

If possible, drink water from clean sources. Practicing good hand hygiene can also reduce your risk of *H. pylori* infection, especially when preparing food.