

# Anatomy of a VACCINE

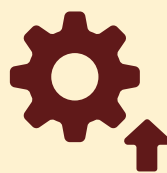
Vaccine ingredients serve the following purpose:



Provide Immunity<sup>1-5</sup>



Keep Vaccines Safe<sup>1-5</sup>



Increase Vaccine Effectiveness<sup>1-5</sup>



Increase Shelf Life<sup>1-5</sup>

## Main Vaccine Ingredients

### 1 ANTIGENS<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Antigens are the active component of vaccines. Antigens will either be a killed, attenuated (weakened) or synthesized version of the disease-causing pathogen/pathogen component.

### 2 ADJUVANTS<sup>1,2,3</sup>

These are added to encourage a stronger immune response to the vaccine antigen. Adjuvants allow for a reduction in the amount of antigen needed to achieve immunity e.g., Aluminum salts

### 3 PRESERVATIVES<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Preservatives may be added to stop unwanted contamination of vaccines. e.g., Phenol, 2-phenoxyethanol

### 4 STABILIZERS<sup>1,2,3</sup>

These substances are added to keep the vaccines effective under heat or cold after manufacturing for the duration of their shelf life e.g., Sugar, gelatin

### 5 INACTIVATING AGENTS<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Inactivating agents are used in the manufacturing stage to kill viruses or inactivate toxins. Vaccines are purified to remove almost all inactivating agents, with trace residual amounts remaining. e.g., Formaldehyde

### 6 ANTIBIOTICS<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Some vaccines may contain minute amounts of antibiotics that prevent contamination during the viral cell culture (during manufacturing). The antibiotics are usually reduced during purification steps. e.g., Neomycin, Kanamycin, Streptomycin



## Other Vaccine Components

### Thimerosal:<sup>6</sup>

Thimerosal is a mercury-based preservative used in multi-dose vials. Thimerosal is broken down into non-toxic products and excreted rapidly from the body. Thimerosal is not used routinely in vaccines except for some influenza vaccines.

### Eggs and Chicken Protein:<sup>1,2</sup>

Some vaccines may contain trace amounts of eggs and chicken protein because the viruses used to make them are grown in eggs or cells isolated from chicken embryos.

### Yeast:<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Some vaccines are produced using yeast cells. These vaccines are purified to remove them. However, trace amounts can remain in the final product.

### Human Blood Products:<sup>1,2,3</sup>

Vaccines do not contain human blood products except the rabies vaccine (albumin derived from human blood).



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